## Table des matières



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- ->

<!--

General purpose build script for web applications and web services, including enhanced support for deploying directly to a Tomcat based server.

This build script assumes that the source code of your web application is organized into the following subdirectories underneath the source code directory from which you execute the build script:

docs Static documentation files to be copied to

the "docs" subdirectory of your distribution.

src Java source code (and associated resource

files)

to be compiled to the "WEB-INF/classes"

subdirectory of your web application.

Static HTML, JSP, and other content (such as

image files), including the WEB-INF

subdirectory

web

and its configuration file contents.

- ->

<!-- A "project" describes a set of targets that may be requested when Ant is executed. The "default" attribute defines the target which is executed if no specific target is requested, and the "basedir" attribute defines the current working directory from which Ant executes the requested task. This is normally set to the current working directory.

- ->

opect name="My Project" default="compile" basedir=".">

```
<!--
```

Each of the following properties are used in the build script. Values for these properties are set by the first place they are defined, from the following list:

- \* Definitions on the "ant" command line (ant -Dfoo=bar compile).
- \* Definitions from a "build.properties" file in the top level source directory of this application.
- \* Definitions from a "build.properties" file in the developer's home directory.
- \* Default definitions in this build.xml file.

You will note below that property values can be composed based on the contents of previously defined properties. This is a powerful technique that helps you minimize the number of changes required when your development

environment is modified. Note that property composition is allowed within "build.properties" files as well as in the "build.xml" script.

```
roperty file="build.properties"/>
cyroperty file="${user.home}/build.properties"/>
```

```
<!-- ========== File and Directory Names ====================
- ->
```

- ->

<!--

These properties generally define file and directory names (or paths) that affect where the build process stores its outputs.

Base name of this application, used to app.name

construct filenames and directories.

Defaults to "myapp".

Context path to which this application should be app.path

deployed (defaults to "/" plus the value of the

"app.name" property).

Version number of this iteration of the application. app.version

build.home The directory into which the "prepare" and

"compile" targets will generate their output.

Defaults to "build".

```
catalina.home
                      The directory in which you have installed
                      a binary distribution of Tomcat. This will
                      be used by the "deploy" target.
 dist.home
                      The name of the base directory in which
                      distribution files are created.
                      Defaults to "dist".
                      The login password of a user that is assigned the
 manager.password
                      "manager-script" role (so that he or she can execute
                      commands via the "/manager" web application)
                      The URL of the "/manager" web application on the
 manager.url
                      Tomcat installation to which we will deploy web
                      applications and web services.
                      The login username of a user that is assigned the
 manager.username
                      "manager-script" role (so that he or she can execute
                      commands via the "/manager" web application)
                                value="myapp"/>
 property name="app.name"
 cproperty name="app.path"
                                value="/${app.name}"/>
                                value="0.1-dev"/>
 cproperty name="app.version"
 cproperty name="build.home"
                                value="${basedir}/build"/>
 catalina.home
                                value="../../.."/> <!-- UPDATE THIS! -->
 cproperty name="dist.home"
                                value="${basedir}/dist"/>
 cproperty name="docs.home"
                                value="${basedir}/docs"/>
 roperty name="manager.url"
value="http://localhost:8080/manager/text"/>
 property name="src.home"
                                value="${basedir}/src"/>
 roperty name="web.home"
                                value="${basedir}/web"/>
            - ->
<! - -
 Use property values to define the locations of external JAR files on which
 your application will depend. In general, these values will be used for
 two purposes:
 * Inclusion on the classpath that is passed to the Javac compiler
 * Being copied into the "/WEB-INF/lib" directory during execution
   of the "deploy" target.
 Because we will automatically include all of the Java classes that Tomcat
 exposes to web applications, we will not need to explicitly list any of
those
 dependencies. You only need to worry about external dependencies for JAR
```

files that you are going to include inside your "/WEB-INF/lib" directory.

```
- ->
<!-- Dummy external dependency -->
<!--
 cproperty name="foo.jar"
          value="/path/to/foo.jar"/>
- ->
- ->
<! - -
 Rather than relying on the CLASSPATH environment variable, Ant includes
 features that makes it easy to dynamically construct the classpath you
 need for each compilation. The example below constructs the compile
 classpath to include the servlet.jar file, as well as the other components
 that Tomcat makes available to web applications automatically, plus
anything
 that you explicitly added.
 <path id="compile.classpath">
   <!-- Include all JAR files that will be included in /WEB-INF/lib -->
   <!-- *** CUSTOMIZE HERE AS REOUIRED BY YOUR APPLICATION *** -->
   <pathelement location="${foo.jar}"/>
- - >
   <!-- Include all elements that Tomcat exposes to applications -->
   <fileset dir="${catalina.home}/bin">
     <include name="*.jar"/>
   </fileset>
   <pathelement location="${catalina.home}/lib"/>
   <fileset dir="${catalina.home}/lib">
     <include name="*.jar"/>
   </fileset>
 </path>
<! - -
 These properties define custom tasks for the Ant build tool that interact
 with the "/manager" web application installed with Tomcat. Before they
 can be successfully utilized, you must perform the following steps:
 - Copy the file "lib/catalina-ant.jar" from your Tomcat
   installation into the "lib" directory of your Ant installation.
 - Create a "build.properties" file in your application's top-level
```

```
source directory (or your user login home directory) that defines
   appropriate values for the "manager.password", "manager.url", and
   "manager.username" properties described above.
 For more information about the Manager web application, and the
functionality
 of these tasks, see
<http://localhost:8080/tomcat-docs/manager-howto.html>.
 <taskdef resource="org/apache/catalina/ant/catalina.tasks"
          classpathref="compile.classpath"/>
<!-- ============= Compilation Control Options ==============
- ->
<!--
 These properties control option settings on the Javac compiler when it
 is invoked using the <javac> task.
 compile.debug
                Should compilation include the debug option?
 compile.deprecation Should compilation include the deprecation option?
 compile.optimize Should compilation include the optimize option?
 compile.debug"
                                     value="true"/>
 roperty name="compile.deprecation" value="false"/>
 compile.optimize" value="true"/>
<!-- ============ All Target ================================
- ->
<! - -
 The "all" target is a shortcut for running the "clean" target followed
 by the "compile" target, to force a complete recompile.
 <target name="all" depends="clean,compile"
  description="Clean build and dist directories, then compile"/>
<!-- ============= Clean Target =============================
- ->
<!--
 The "clean" target deletes any previous "build" and "dist" directory,
 so that you can be ensured the application can be built from scratch.
- ->
 <target name="clean"
  description="Delete old build and dist directories">
   <delete dir="${build.home}"/>
   <delete dir="${dist.home}"/>
 </target>
```

```
<!-- =========== Compile Target =============================
<!--
 The "compile" target transforms source files (from your "src" directory)
 into object files in the appropriate location in the build directory.
 This example assumes that you will be including your classes in an
 unpacked directory hierarchy under "/WEB-INF/classes".
 <target name="compile" depends="prepare"
  description="Compile Java sources">
   <!-- Compile Java classes as necessary -->
   <mkdir
             dir="${build.home}/WEB-INF/classes"/>
   <javac srcdir="${src.home}"</pre>
         destdir="${build.home}/WEB-INF/classes"
            debug="${compile.debug}"
      deprecation="${compile.deprecation}"
        optimize="${compile.optimize}">
        <classpath refid="compile.classpath"/>
   </javac>
   <!-- Copy application resources -->
   <copy todir="${build.home}/WEB-INF/classes">
      <fileset dir="${src.home}" excludes="**/*.java"/>
   </copy>
  </target>
<!-- ============ Dist Target ===============================
- ->
<! - -
 The "dist" target creates a binary distribution of your application
 in a directory structure ready to be archived in a tar.gz or zip file.
 Note that this target depends on two others:
  * "compile" so that the entire web application (including external
   dependencies) will have been assembled
  * "javadoc" so that the application Javadocs will have been created
 <target name="dist" depends="compile,javadoc"
  description="Create binary distribution">
   <!-- Copy documentation subdirectories -->
   <mkdir dir="${dist.home}/docs"/>
            todir="${dist.home}/docs">
      <fileset dir="${docs.home}"/>
   </copy>
```

```
<!-- Create application JAR file -->
   <jar jarfile="${dist.home}/${app.name}-${app.version}.war"</pre>
        basedir="${build.home}"/>
   <!-- Copy additional files to ${dist.home} as necessary -->
 </target>
- - >
<!--
 The "install" target tells the specified Tomcat installation to
dynamically
 install this web application and make it available for execution. It does
 *not* cause the existence of this web application to be remembered across
 Tomcat restarts; if you restart the server, you will need to re-install
all
 this web application.
 If you have already installed this application, and simply want Tomcat to
 recognize that you have updated Java classes (or the web.xml file), use
the
 "reload" target instead.
       This target will only succeed if it is run from the same server
that
 Tomcat is running on.
 NOTE: This is the logical opposite of the "remove" target.
 <target name="install" depends="compile"
  description="Install application to servlet container">
   <deploy url="${manager.url}"</pre>
      username="${manager.username}"
      password="${manager.password}"
          path="${app.path}"
      localWar="file://${build.home}"/>
 </target>
- ->
<!--
 The "javadoc" target creates Javadoc API documentation for the Java
 classes included in your application. Normally, this is only required
 when preparing a distribution release, but is available as a separate
 target in case the developer wants to create Javadocs independently.
```

```
<target name="javadoc" depends="compile"
  description="Create Javadoc API documentation">
   <mkdir
                   dir="${dist.home}/docs/api"/>
   <javadoc sourcepath="${src.home}"</pre>
               destdir="${dist.home}/docs/api"
          packagenames="*">
     <classpath refid="compile.classpath"/>
   </javadoc>
 </target>
<!--
 The "list" target asks the specified Tomcat installation to list the
 currently running web applications, either loaded at startup time or
 installed dynamically. It is useful to determine whether or not the
 application you are currently developing has been installed.
- ->
 <target name="list"
  description="List installed applications on servlet container">
            url="${manager.url}"
   st
       username="${manager.username}"
       password="${manager.password}"/>
 </target>
<!-- ============ Prepare Target =============================
- ->
<! - -
 The "prepare" target is used to create the "build" destination directory,
 and copy the static contents of your web application to it. If you need
 to copy static files from external dependencies, you can customize the
 contents of this task.
 Normally, this task is executed indirectly when needed.
 <target name="prepare">
   <!-- Create build directories as needed -->
   <mkdir dir="${build.home}"/>
   <mkdir dir="${build.home}/WEB-INF"/>
   <mkdir dir="${build.home}/WEB-INF/classes"/>
   <!-- Copy static content of this web application -->
   <copy todir="${build.home}">
     <fileset dir="${web.home}"/>
```

```
</copy>
   <!-- Copy external dependencies as required -->
   <!-- *** CUSTOMIZE HERE AS REOUIRED BY YOUR APPLICATION *** -->
   <mkdir dir="${build.home}/WEB-INF/lib"/>
<!--
   <copy todir="${build.home}/WEB-INF/lib" file="${foo.jar}"/>
- - >
   <!-- Copy static files from external dependencies as needed -->
   <!-- *** CUSTOMIZE HERE AS REQUIRED BY YOUR APPLICATION *** -->
 </target>
<!-- ============== Reload Target ===========================
- ->
<!--
 The "reload" signals the specified application Tomcat to shut itself down
 and reload. This can be useful when the web application context is not
 reloadable and you have updated classes or property files in the
 /WEB-INF/classes directory or when you have added or updated jar files in
the
 /WEB-INF/lib directory.
 NOTE: The /WEB-INF/web.xml web application configuration file is not
reread
 on a reload. If you have made changes to your web.xml file you must stop
 then start the web application.
- ->
 <target name="reload" depends="compile"
  description="Reload application on servlet container">
   <reload url="${manager.url}"
      username="${manager.username}"
      password="${manager.password}"
          path="${app.path}"/>
 </target>
<!-- ============ Remove Target =============================
- ->
<! - -
 The "remove" target tells the specified Tomcat installation to dynamically
 remove this web application from service.
 NOTE: This is the logical opposite of the "install" target.
 <target name="remove"
```

```
description="Remove application on servlet container">
    <undeploy url="${manager.url}"</pre>
         username="${manager.username}"
         password="${manager.password}"
             path="${app.path}"/>
  </target>
</project>
```

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